

Safety Data Sheet

AeroShell Turbine Oil 750**1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/PREPARATION AND COMPANY/UNDERTAKING**

Product Code	001A0086	
Infosafe No.	ACIRG NZ/eng/C	
Issued Date	4/02/2005	
Product Type/Use	Synthetic lubricating oil for aircraft turbine engines. For further details consult the AeroShell Book on www.shell.com/aviation .	
Other Names	Name	Code
	AeroShell Turbine Oil 750	140001168152
Supplier	Telephone Numbers	
Shell New Zealand Limited 3 Queens Wharf Wellington NEW ZEALAND	Emergency Tel. 0800 474 355	
	Telephone/Fax Number Tel: 0800 474 355 Fax: 0800 743 553	

2. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**Preparation Description**

Blend of synthetic esters and additives.

Name	CAS	EINECS	Proportion	Hazard	R Phrase
Polyalkylene glycol	-	-	25-45 %	Xn	R22
N-phenyl-1-naphthylamine	90-30-2	201-983-0	1-2.4 %	Xi, N	R43, R50/53
Phenothiazine	92-84-2	202-196-5	0.1-0.9 %	Xi	R43

Other Information

See Section 16 'Other Information' for full text of each relevant Risk Phrase.

3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**Hazards Identification**

Classified as hazardous according to HSNO Regulations 2001.

Human Health Hazards

Harmful if swallowed. May cause sensitization by skin contact. There is evidence from animal studies that aerosols from some polyalkylene glycols may be hazardous if inhaled. Prolonged or repeated exposure may give rise to dermatitis. Used oil may contain harmful impurities.

Safety Hazards

Not classified as flammable, but will burn.



Environmental Hazards

Harmful to aquatic organisms. May cause long term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Symptoms and Effects

May cause an allergic skin reaction in sensitive individuals.

Inhalation

Remove to fresh air. If rapid recovery does not occur, obtain medical attention.

Skin

Remove contaminated clothing and wash affected skin with soap and water. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention. When using high pressure equipment, injection of product under the skin can occur. If high pressure injuries occur, the casualty should be sent immediately to a hospital. Do not wait for symptoms to develop.

Eye

Flush eye with copious quantities of water. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.

Ingestion

Do not induce vomiting. Protect the airway if vomiting begins. Give nothing by mouth. OBTAIN MEDICAL ATTENTION IMMEDIATELY.

Advice to Doctor

Treat symptomatically. Aspiration into the lungs may cause chemical pneumonitis. Dermatitis may result from prolonged or repeated exposure. High pressure injection injuries require prompt surgical intervention and possibly steroid therapy, to minimise tissue damage and loss of function.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Specific Hazards

Combustion is likely to give rise to a complex mixture of airborne solid and liquid particulates and gases, including carbon monoxide and unidentified organic and inorganic compounds.

Extinguishing Media

Foam and dry chemical powder. Carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media

Water in jet. Use of halon extinguishers should be avoided for environmental reasons.

Protective Equipment

Proper protective equipment including breathing apparatus must be worn when approaching a fire in a confined space.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautions

Avoid contact with skin, eyes, clothing. Do not breathe mists, aerosols. Wear PVC, Neoprene or nitrile rubber gloves. Wear rubber knee length safety boots and PVC Jacket and Trousers. Wear safety glasses or full face shield if splashes are likely to occur.

Environmental Precautions

Prevent from spreading or entering into drains, ditches or rivers by using sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers. Inform local authorities if this cannot be prevented.



Clean-up Methods - Small Spillages

Absorb liquid with sand or earth. Sweep up and remove to a suitable, clearly marked container for disposal in accordance with local regulations.

Clean-up Methods - Large Spillages

Prevent from spreading by making a barrier with sand, earth or other containment material. Reclaim liquid directly or in an absorbent. Dispose of as for small spills.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE**Handling**

Use local exhaust ventilation if there is risk of inhalation of vapours, mists or aerosols. Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin. When handling product in drums, safety footwear should be worn and proper handling equipment should be used. Prevent spillages. Cloth, paper and other materials that are used to absorb spills present a fire hazard. Avoid their accumulation by disposing of them safely and immediately. In addition to any specific recommendations given for controls of risks to health, safety and the environment, an assessment of risks must be made to help determine controls appropriate to local circumstances.

Storage

Keep in a cool, dry, well-ventilated place. Use properly labelled and closeable containers. Avoid direct sunlight, heat sources, and strong oxidizing agents.

Storage Temperatures

-50°C Minimum. 50°C Maximum.

Recommended Materials

For containers or container linings, use mild steel or high density polyethylene.

Unsuitable Materials

For containers or container linings, avoid PVC.

Other Information

Polyethylene containers should not be exposed to high temperatures because of possible risk of distortion.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS, PERSONAL PROTECTION**Exposure Limits**

Substance	Regulations	Exposure Duration	Exposure Limit	Units	Notes
Phenothiazine	ACGIH	TWA	5	mg/m ³	

ACGIH

ACGIH Threshold Limit Values.

Exposure Controls

Use local exhaust ventilation if there is a risk of inhalation of vapours, mists or aerosols.

Respiratory Protection

Not normally required. If oil mist cannot be controlled, a respirator fitted with an organic vapour cartridge combined with a particulate pre-filter should be used.

Hand Protection

PVC or nitrile rubber gloves.

Eye Protection

Wear safety glasses or full face shield if splashes are likely to occur.

Body Protection

Minimise all forms of skin contact. Overalls and shoes with oil resistant soles should be worn. Launder overalls and undergarments regularly.



Environmental Exposure Controls

Minimise release to the environment. An environmental assessment must be made to ensure compliance with local environmental legislation.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Colour	Pale yellow.
Physical State	Liquid at ambient temperature.
Odour	Slight.
pH Value	Data not available.
Vapour Pressure	<0.2 kPa at 20°C.
Solubility in Water	Negligible.
Density	circa 947 kg/m ³ at 15°C.
Flash Point	circa 238°C (COC).
Flammable Limits - Upper	Data not available.
Flammable Limits - Lower	Data not available.
Auto-Ignition Temperature	circa 380°C.
Kinematic Viscosity	circa 32 mm ² /s at 40°C.
Evaporation Rate	Data not available.
Vapour Density (Air=1)	Data not available.
Partition co-efficient, n-octanol/water	Data not available.
Pour Point	<-54°C.

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**Stability**

Stable.

Conditions to Avoid

Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight.

Materials to Avoid

Strong oxidizing agents.

Hazardous Decomposition Products

Hazardous decomposition products are not expected to form during normal storage.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**Basis for Assessment**

Toxicological data have not been determined specifically for this product. Information given is based on a knowledge of the components and the toxicology of similar products.

Acute Toxicity - Oral

LD50 expected to be >200 mg/kg.

Acute Toxicity - Dermal

LD50 expected to be > 2000 mg/kg.

Acute Toxicity - Inhalation

Not considered to be an inhalation hazard under normal conditions of use. Fibrotic lung changes and mortalities have been observed in animals following inhalation of aerosols (but not vapours) of some polyalkylene glycol based products.

Eye Irritation

Expected to be slightly irritating.



Skin Irritation

Expected to be slightly irritating.

Respiratory Irritation

If mists are inhaled, slight irritation of the respiratory tract may occur.

Skin Sensitisation

Expected to be a skin sensitizer. Contains phenothiazine at < 1%. Reports of photosensitization by phenothiazine are inconclusive.

Carcinogenicity

Components are not known to be associated with carcinogenic effects.

Mutagenicity

Not considered to be a mutagenic hazard.

Reproductive Toxicity

Not considered to be toxic to reproduction.

Other Information

Prolonged and/or repeated contact with this product can result in defatting of the skin, particularly at elevated temperatures. This can lead to irritation and possibly dermatitis, especially under conditions of poor personal hygiene. Skin contact should be minimised. High pressure injection of product into the skin may lead to local necrosis if the product is not surgically removed. Used oils may contain harmful impurities that have accumulated during use. The concentration of such impurities will depend on use and they may present risks to health and the environment on disposal. ALL used oil should be handled with caution and skin contact avoided as far as possible.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Basis for Assessment

Ecotoxicological data have not been determined specifically for this product. Information given is based on a knowledge of the components and the ecotoxicology of similar products.

Mobility

Liquid under most environmental conditions. Floats on water. If it enters soil, it will adsorb to soil particles and will not be mobile.

Persistence / Degradability

Not expected to be readily biodegradable. Major constituents are expected to be inherently biodegradable, but the product contains components that may persist in the environment.

Bioaccumulation

Contains components with the potential to bioaccumulate.

Ecotoxicity

Poorly soluble mixture. May cause physical fouling of aquatic organisms. Product is expected to be harmful to aquatic organisms, LL/EL50 10 -100 mg/l. (LL/EL50 expressed as the nominal amount of product required to prepare aqueous test extract).

Other Adverse Effects

Not expected to have ozone depletion potential, photochemical ozone creation potential or global warming potential.

Product is a mixture of non-volatile components, which are not expected to be released to air in any significant quantities.



13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Disposal

Recycle or dispose of in accordance with prevailing regulations, with a recognised collector or contractor. The competence of the contractor to deal satisfactorily with this type of product should be established beforehand. Do not pollute the soil, water or environment with the waste product.

Product Disposal

As for waste disposal.

Container Disposal

Recycle or dispose of in accordance with the legislation in force with a recognised collector or contractor.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Transport Information

Not dangerous for transport under NZS 5433, IMO and IATA/ICAO regulations.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

EC Symbols	Xn
EC Risk Phrase	R22 Harmful if swallowed. R43 May cause sensitization by skin contact. R52/53 Harmful to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.
EC Safety Phrase	S20 When using do not eat or drink. S24 Avoid contact with skin. S37 Wear suitable gloves. S46 If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. S61 Avoid release to the environment. Refer to special instructions/safety data sheet.
EINECS	All components listed or polymer exempt.

National Legislation

New Zealand Workplace Exposure Limits 2002 (WES).
New Zealand Standard 5433:1999 Transport of Dangerous Goods on Land.
Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act 1996.

Hazard Category

Harmful, Dangerous for the environment, Sensitising

Packaging & Labelling

Contains N-phenyl-1-naphthylamine and polyalkylene glycol.
Contains phenothiazine. May produce an allergic reaction. Safety data sheet available for professional user on request.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Revisions Highlighted

2. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS - Dangerous Components / Constituents
15. REGULATORY INFORMATION - Packaging & Labelling

References

For detailed advice on Personal Protective equipment, refer to the following Australian Standards :-
HB 9 (Handbook 9) Manual of industrial personal protection.
AS/NZS 1337 Eye protectors for industrial applications.
AS/NZS 1715 Selection, use and maintenance of respiratory protective devices.

AS/NZS 1716 Respiratory protective devices.

Poisons Schedule

NS.

Restrictions

This product must be used, handled and applied in accordance with the requirements of the equipment manufacturer's manuals, bulletins and other documentation.

List of R Phrases in Section 2

R22 Harmful if swallowed.

R43 May cause sensitization by skin contact.

R50/53 Very toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

Technical Contact Numbers

0800 474 355.

Further Information

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It does not constitute a guarantee for any specific property of the product.

... **End Of SDS** ...

